

COMP241  
Software Engineering Development  
Lecture 16: Swing Widgets & Tools 2 (CVS)

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- Swing widgets
  - Radio buttons
  - Check boxes
  - Combo boxes
  - Lists
  - Menus
  - Text Areas
- CVS

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## Radio Buttons

- One way to present a finite set of choices to the user—radio buttons present a *mutually exclusive* set of choices

```
JRadioButton smallB = new JRadioButton("small");
JRadioButton largeB = new JRadioButton("large");
```

- To create a set of radio buttons add them to a **ButtonGroup**
    - Ensures that only one radio button can be selected at any one time
- ```
ButtonGroup group = new ButtonGroup();
group.add(smallB); group.add(largeB);
```
- Use `setSelected/isSelected` to set, or see if a button is selected

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## Check Boxes

- Another way to present a finite set of choices—check boxes are *not mutually exclusive*
- ```
JCheckBox iCheckBox = new JCheckBox("Italic");
```
- Do not place check boxes inside a button group
  - Like radio buttons, use `setSelected/isSelected`
  - Both `JCheckBox` and `JRadioButton` produce `ActionEvents` and `ItemEvents`

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## Combo Boxes

- Combo Boxes (drop down box)
    - Can present a large number of choices
    - Combination of a list and a text field
- ```
JComboBox fnCombo = new JComboBox();
fnCombo.addItem("Serif");
fnCombo.addItem("SansSerif");
```
- You get the item that the user has selected by calling the `getSelectedItem` method
    - Returns `Object` because `JComboBox` can store arbitrary objects!
    - Uses the `toString` method of stored objects to display text in the drop down box

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## List

- Constructor
 

```
String [] listEntries = {"alpha", "beta", "gamma"};
JList list = new JList(listEntries);
```
- Usage
  - Vertical scrollbar
 

```
JScrollPane scroller = new JScrollPane(list);
scroller.setVerticalScrollBarPolicy(ScrollPaneConstraints.VERTICAL_SCROLLBAR_ALWAYS);
```
  - Set number of lines before scrolling
 

```
list.setVisibleRowCount(4);
```
  - Restrict user to selecting only **one** thing at a time
 

```
list.setSelectionMode(ListSelectionModel.SINGLE_SELECTION);
```
  - Register for *list selection* events
 

```
list.addListSelectionListener(this);
```

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## Menus

- Are easy to create in Java
- First construct a *menu bar* to hold menus and attach it to a `JFrame`:

```
JMenuBar mBar = new JMenuBar();
JFrame myApp = new JFrame();
myApp.setJMenuBar(mBar);
```

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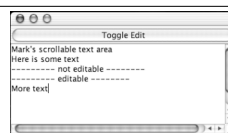
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## Menus

- Menus
  - Then you add menus to the menu bar:

```
JMenu fileMenu = new JMenu("file");
mBar.add(fileMenu);
```
  - A menu is a collection of *menu items* and more menus (submenus)
    - `JMenuItem` fileNewMenuItem = new `JMenuItem`("New");
    - fileMenu.add(fileNewMenuItem);
- A menu item has no further submenus
- When the user selects a menu item, the menu item sends an action event
  - So, attach an action listener to each menu item

## Text Areas



- `JTextField` can hold a single line of text
- To display multiple lines of text we can use a `JTextArea` object
  - Can specify the number of rows and columns in the constructor
  - Use `setText` to set the text and `append` to add text to the end of the text area
  - Can use `JTextArea` for display only by calling `setEditable(false)`

```
public class TextAreaExample extends JPanel {
    private JTextArea mMyText = new JTextArea(10, 30);
    private JButton mEditableToggle =
        new JButton("Toggle Edit");
    public TextAreaExample() {
        super();
        setLayout(new BorderLayout());
        add(mEditableToggle, BorderLayout.NORTH);
        JScrollPane scrollPane = new JScrollPane(mMyText);
        add(scrollPane, BorderLayout.CENTER);
        mMyText.setText("Mark's scrollable text area");

        mEditableToggle.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                boolean editable = !mMyText.isEditable();
                mMyText.setEditable(editable);
                String message = ((editable == true)
                    ? "editable "
                    : "not editable ");
                mMyText.append("\n-----"+message+"-----");
            }
        });
    }
}
```

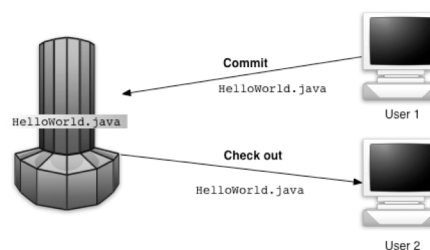
## Further readings on Swing

- Horstmann Chapters 4 and 5
- Sun's tutorial "trail" on Swing UI programming:  
<http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/uiswing>

## CVS, what is it?

- CVS—Concurrent Versions System
- Collaboration
  - Supports editing of source file collections by several developers
  - Merges changes made by different developers at the same time
- Record keeping
  - Keeps history of changes made to your source files

## The CVS Repository



## Set Up

- Put the following into your .profile

```
export CVSROOT =
:ext:<user>@cvs.scms.waikato.ac.nz:/usr/local/global-cvs/comp241a
export CVS_RSH=ssh
```

- This may only take effect after logging in
- Then you can check out your group's work directory  
`cvs co <username>`
  - I have created subdirectories using your usernames

## Usage

- Add files to repository  
`cvs add <file1> <file2> ...`
- Commit your changes  
`cvs commit <file1> <file2> ...`  
`cvs commit -m "<log entry>" <file1> <file2> ...`
- Retrieve files from repository  
`cvs update <file1> <file2> ...`
- View differences  
`cvs diff <file1> <file2> ...`
- Setting a tag  
`cvs tag <name>`

## Documentation

- CVS Book
  - <http://cvsbook.red-bean.com>
- CVS Tutorial
  - <http://www.cvshome.org/docs/blandy.html>
- CVS Manual
  - <http://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/~mhall/241/resources/cedergvist-1.11.14.pdf>